

1. Where did the Framers write down the purpose of our government?
2.
  - a. Give an example of when you participated in civic life:
  - b. Give an example of when you engaged in politics:
  - c. Which of the three powers that any government has is the most important and why?
3.
  - a. Is Michigan a State? Why or why not?
  - b. Which of the four theories on how the state originated is best? Why?
4.
  - a. If you were going to set up a government, would it be a unitary, federal or confederate government? Why? Also, explain why the type of government you chose is better than the other two.
  - b. Explain the difference between direct and indirect democracy.
  - c. Does a Presidential System or a Parliamentary system give the people more power? Why?
5. Who was John Locke, and what would he say the purpose of government should be?
6. Give an example from society today that you feel proves our government is legitimate. Explain

7.
  - a. Why were the English Bill of Rights, the Magna Carta, and the Petition of rights signed by the King even though they limited his power?
  - b. What are two ideas the Founding Fathers borrowed from the English Bill of Rights, the Magna Carta, and the Petition of Rights?
8. Give an example for each of the following from our society today:
  - a. Ordered Government
  - b. Limited Government
  - c. Representative Government
9. Explain the relationship between the 7 Years War and the Declaration of Independence.
10. Explain two specific reasons as to why the Declaration of Independence was written.
11. Explain how each of the following can be found in the Declaration of independence:
  - a. Natural Rights
  - b. Limited Government
  - c. The Right to Petition

12. Explain how each of the following can be found in the Declaration of Independence:
  - a. Popular Sovereignty
  - b. Natural Rights
  - c. Social Compact
13. Explain how two weaknesses of the Articles of Confederation caused them to fail.
14.
  - a. Explain two differences between the New Jersey and Virginia Plan.
  - b. Which type of state preferred the New Jersey Plan?
15. What did the Connecticut Compromise do? What was its significance?
16.
  - a. Which of the following best describes the act of promoting the general welfare?
    - i. Creating the FDA to inspect our food
    - ii. Outlawing poll taxes
    - iii. Declaring war on Japan after the bombed Pearl Harbor
    - iv. Outlawing campaigning within 100 feet of a polling place
  - b. Which of the following best describes preserving the blessings of liberty to our posterity?
    - i. Passing child labor laws

- ii. Allowing Amish children to quit school early
  - iii. Participating in civic life
  - iv. Voting
- c. Which of the following is one of the purposes of our government outlined in the Preamble?
  - i. To Provide for a limited government
  - ii. To serve the basic needs of citizens
  - iii. To Protect private property
  - iv. To Provide for the common defense

17.

- a. The statement: "Government gets its power from the people best describes which of the following constitutional principles?
  - i. Judicial review
  - ii. Popular sovereignty
  - iii. Limited government
  - iv. Federalism
- b. When I say Federalism you say shared because:
  - i. The three branches in our government share power
  - ii. The state and Federal governments share power
  - iii. The Constitution and articles of confederation share power.
  - iv. Although retaining most of its sovereignty, the United States shares power with the UN.
- c. Which Constitutional Principle ensures that my rights can't be taken away by an unfair law?
  - i. Federalism
  - ii. Separation of Powers
  - iii. Limited government
  - iv. Checks and balances

18. Fill in the following chart:

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19. Explain why formal amendments are used more frequently than informal amendments.
  20. What is the genius of the Constitution?
  21. Explain why the Framers gave expressed powers to the Federal Government and reserved powers to the States.